

**Numbers and Rates of Nonfatal Occupational Injuries and Illnesses,  
Private, State and Local Government,  
Maine, 2002-2010**

<b>Year</b>	<b>All work-related Injuries and Illnesses</b>	<b>Number of hours worked</b>	<b>Rate per 100 Full Time Equivalents</b>
2002	35,900	920,512,821	<b>7.8</b>
2003	33,800	913,935,665	<b>7.4</b>
2004	31,200	943,182,675	<b>6.6</b>
2005	32,500	917,408,769	<b>7.1</b>
2006	31,200	914,488,866	<b>6.8</b>
2007	29,400	924,246,458	<b>6.4</b>
2008	27,500	933,959,006	<b>5.9</b>
2009	25,000	899,775,952	<b>5.6</b>
2010	24,500	877,953,254	<b>5.6</b>
US 2010	1,191,100	n/a	<b>5.6</b>

Data Source: Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

Employer reports, and lack of self-employed workers in the survey sample results in undercounts.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data is based on a sample of employers responding to the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, and weighted by employer size and industry. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates.

The rate is calculated by multiplying the numerator by 200,000 (100 employees x 40 hours x 50 weeks) and dividing by the total number of hours worked.